Modular S

Self-priming Centrifugal Pump

The series of DESMI MODULAR S pumps represents one of the most distinctive developments in self-priming pumps. Based on many years of experience in the production of self-priming pumps we supply a pump series that meets the future demands for economical and reliable pumps.

The individual design, compact with a clearcut cylindrical form, together with the practical advantages such as easy assembling and MODULAR construction of all components ensure a long and positive operation.

This priming principle (described on the back of this page) means that MODULAR S can pump a mixture of air and liquid and thus evacuate air from the suction pipe. Thus, priming can be avoided and a foot valve is not necessary.



Flow rate	Up to 400 m³/h (1760 US gpm)	
Head	Up to 150 m (490 ft)	
Temperature	Up to 120° C (248° F)	
Motor	Standard and EX motors	
VFD	Direct or wall-mounted	
ATEX approved		



Various Combinations of Assembling

The pumps of the MODULARS series can be supplied as free shaft end, mounted on a base plate with petrol or diesel engine, hydraulic or electric motor or in a close-coupled design with electric motor. They can also be fitted with a manual friction clutch and V-belt pulley and with step-up bevel gear ratio 1:2.

MODULAR S/02 self-priming centrifugal pumps in close-coupled design.

This version of the well-known MODULAR S pump meets the requirements for a compact and reliable pump and does not need special alignment. The pump is connected to the electric motor via a rigid coupling and can be mounted with any standard electric motor.

The MODULAR S pump is constructed of standard components and this principle has been further emphasized in the monobloc version.

For optimum flexibility the pump is designed in such a way that only the coupling and the motor flange have to be changed in order to fit the selected electric motor. The monobloc version is equipped with a separate bearing housing with only one bearing, and the rigid coupling is mounted on the short shaft.

Applications for MODULAR S and S/02

- Draining building excavations
- Emptying ponds, drains, and swimming pools
- Water extraction for irrigation and watering
- General service pumps
- Fuel handling
- Condensate extraction pumps
- Petrol
- Diesel

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MARINE & OFFSHORE INDUSTRY OIL SPILL RESPONSE DEFENCE & FUEL UTILITY

Priming principle

The priming is based on the diffuser principle, which means that the priming ability is independent of valves and other mechanical elements as it is the flow of liquid that carries the air. In addition, the diffuser principle has the effect that MODULAR S can pump slightly polluted as well as air-mixed liquids.

Before first starting the pump, the casing must be filled with liquid. When the pump has been started, the liquid begins to circulate in the pump casing and the impellar channels.

Thus, an air-mixed liquid is produced in the outer third of the impeller A and a vacuum is created in the suction piece of the impeller and the suction chamber B.

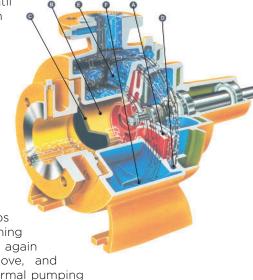
This vacuum makes the non-return flap C open, and air is drawn from the suction pipe into the suction chamber.

The air-mixed liquid is led through the channel D to the upper part of the pump casing E, where the flow velocity is low and the air separates from the liquid.

The air escapes through the pressure pipe and the airseparated liquid returns to the periphery of the impeller through channel F. The direction of the flow is indicated by the arrows. To allow free passage of the air through the pressure pipe, make sure that valves, if any, are not closed during the priming.

The liquid circulation continues until the air has been removed from the suction pipe and the pump will then function as a normal centrifugal pump.

If for some reason, air penetrates into the suction pipe and the pump stops pumping, the priming process starts again as described above, and continues until normal pumping has been resumed.



MODULAR S - a theme in MODULAR construction

Irrespective of size and capacity the entire MODULAR

S series is constructed of 5 standard components:

- 1. Pump casing
- 2. Impeller
- 3. Bearing housing
- 4. Suction cover
- 5. Shaft seal cover

Material specification	А	С	D
Pump casing	Cast iron GG 20	Cast iron GG 20	Bronze
Impeller and wear ring	NiAlu-bronze	Cast iron GG 20	NiAlu-bronze
Shaft	Acid-proof stainless steel AISI 329	Acid-proof stainless steel AISI 329	Acid-proof stainless steel AISI 329
Bearing houseing	Cast iron GG 20	Cast iron GG 20	Cast iron GG 20
Suction piece	Cast iron GG 20	Cast iron GG 20	Bronze
Non-return flap	Nitrile rubber	Nitrile rubber	Nitrile rubber
Shaft seal cover	Cast iron GG 20	Cast iron GG 20	Bronze
Mechanical shaft seal	Carbon/ceramics	Carbon/ceramics	Carbon/ceramics

The standardisation of these 5 components aids a minimum stockholding as some of the components are common to the different pump sizes. Furthermore, this standardisation means low production costs from which you will benefit in the form of competitive prices. The pump casing is designed with a double, twisted flute which ensures efficient priming.

The impeller, which is closed, is manufactured with single curved blades and relief blades on the back. This leads to a balancing of the hydraulic longitudinal forces, and therefore the pump accepts high rotational speeds.

Suction and pressure branches are designed as flange connections according to EN 1092 PN10/16 (~DIN 2501 PN10/16). A few of the small sizes have been designed with pipe thread branches.

The pump is fitted with mechanical shaft seal which has excellent wear qualities.

